

SADLIER

Vocabulary for Success ©2011 LEVEL B

Aligned to the

Connections between the Common Core State Standards (CCSS) for English Language Arts and the South Carolina Academic Standards for English Language Arts 2008

Grade 7



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Vocabulary for Success, Level B

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Grade 7

KEY ALIGNED CONTENT

| LANGUAGE STANDARDS | Where Reflected in the 2008 SC ELA | Vocabulary for Success, Level B | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | STANDARDS AND INDICATORS | FEATURE / LOCATION | DESCRIPTION |
| 4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grade 7</i> reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. | | | |
| a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. | 7-3.1 Use context clues (for example, those that provide an example, a definition, a restatement, or a comparison/contrast) to generate the meanings of unfamiliar and multiplemeaning words. | Introductory Passage— Amazing Cells (textbook entry), 2–3; Cells That Wouldn't Die (historical nonfiction). 12–13; Fruit Fly, You're Just Like Me (compare-and-contrast essay), 22– 23; Citizen Power (online article), 36– 37; Our Future Is in Your Hands (speech), 46–47; When Marian Sang (newspaper article), 56–57; Performing an Ollie (how-to article), 70–71; Buy the Best (advertisement), 80–81; Just Like an Olympian (training log), 90–91; The Apprentice (diary), 104–105; Abolish Serfdom | The Introductory Passage provides a natural, multi-paragraph context for the 10 new words presented in the lesson. Many include supportive illustrations and photographs. Lesson words appear in boldface type and are highlighted in light violet. The passages develop high-interest science and social studies topics appropriate for middle school. |

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| | | Now! (persuasive essay), 114–115; A Great Lady Is Dead (obituary), 124–125; A Love of Science (biography), 142–143; Seeing Double (personal narrative), 152–153; The Science of Genetics (timeline), 162–163; The Rush for Gold! (primary source), 176–177; I'll Trade You for That (expository essay), 186–187; Kaching! (autobiography), 196–197; Robbed of Childhood (nonfiction narrative), 210–211; Women's Rights (debate), 220–221; A Robotics Championship (radio script), 230–231 | |
| | | Word-Solving Strategies: Context Clues—Definition/Explanation, 20; Restatement/Synonym, 44; Examples , 64; Synonyms, 78; Embedded Definitions, 98; Synonyms, 112; Antonyms, 150; Punctuation , 160; Inferences, 184; Synonyms, 204; Embedded Definitions, 218; Inferences, 228 | Word-Solving Strategies: Context Clues are mini-lessons that provide direct instruction on understanding and using specific types of context clues to clarify the meaning of unfamiliar or multiple meaning words. Succinctly stated instruction with examples is followed by a "Be Careful!" box with exceptions to the rule and examples. Finally, there are two sets of exercises in the "Practice" section. |

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| | | | Exercise A includes a reading selection with vocabulary words in context. Students write the featured word and its explanation in the first two boxes. In the third box they write the word meaning (based on context clues). |
| | | | For Exercise B, students write sentences with vocabulary words from the paragraph, applying the specific context clue featured in this mini-lesson. |
| | | Check for Understanding, 6, 16, 26, 40, 50, 60, 74, 84, 94, 108, 118, 128, 146, 156, 166, 180, 190, 200, 214, 224, 234 | For the Check for Understanding activity, students rely on single-sentence context clues to choose and write in the lesson word that best completes each of the 12 sentences. Some words are used twice. |
| | | Expand Word Meanings / Apply Other Meanings, 7, 17, 27, 41, 51, 61, 75, 85, 95, 109, 119, 129, 147, 157, 167, 181, 191, 201, 215, 225, 235 | In Expand Word Meanings , students read a paragraph and use context clues to help discover additional meanings for some of the lesson words. |
| | | | For the Apply Other Meanings exercises, students use context clues to select the word from the Expand Word Meanings paragraph (at the |

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| | | | top of the page) that best completes each sentence. |
| | | Word Associations, 8, 17, 28, 42, 52, 62, 76, 86, 96, 110, 120, 130, 148, 158, 168, 182, 192, 216, 226, 236 | In Word Associations, students rely on single-sentence context clues and what they know about the lesson word (in italics) to consider three choices before selecting the correct answer to the question. |
| | | Check Again, 9, 19, 29, 43, 53, 63, 77, 87, 97, 111, 121, 131, 149, 159, 169, 183, 193, 203, 217, 227, 237 | Check Again is an open-ended writing activity to help students use all taught meanings, triggered by context clues that accompany the featured vocabulary word. |
| | | Practice for Tests, 11, 21, 31, 45, 55, 65, 79, 89, 99, 113, 123, 133, 151, 161, 171, 185, 195, 205, 219, 229, 239 | The Practice for Tests is a 10-question, multiple-choice/"fill in the bubble" format practice test covering all words taught in the lesson. This test-preparation activity appears at the end of each lesson. Students use single-sentence context clues to select the lesson word or descriptive phrase that best completes the sentence or answers the question. |
| | | Synonyms and Antonyms, 32, 66, 100, 134, 172, 206, 240 | The Synonyms and Antonyms activity found at the beginning of each Enrichment section uses |

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| | | | context clues to guide students to an understanding of the relationship between word pairs that are synonyms or antonyms. |
| | | Word Study: Denotation and | Word Study activities, located in the |
| | | Connotation, 135, 241 | Enrichment section following every |
| | | Word Study: Idioms, 33, 67, 173 | three lessons, help students understand positive and negative |
| | | Word Study: Proverbs, 101, 207 | variations in meaning explained by connotations, the use of wise sayings (proverbs), and colloquial expressions (idioms). For each example of figurative language, students are provided sentences with context clues of embedded definitions. |
| | | Vocabulary for Comprehension, 34, 68, 102, 136, 174, 208, 242 | Vocabulary for Comprehension appears at the end of the Enrichment section (located at the end of every three lessons). Students read high-interest passages and use context and word study skills to determine the meaning of vocabulary words, within a critical reading, standardized-test format. |
| | | Using Context, 137, 243 | Using Context, in the Mid-Year and End-of-Year Reviews, challenges |

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| | | | students to consider context clues in 10 sentences before deciding on which of two related forms of previously studied words best completes each sentence. | |
| b. Use common, grade- appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., belligerent, bellicose, rebel). | 7-3.2 Analyze the meaning of words by using Greek and Latin roots and affixes within texts. | Word-Solving Strategies: Prefixes, 30 (pre-; also via); 88 (ex-; also ponere, eternus, plorare, planus, extremus, pellere, plaudere, premere); 170 (inter-) Word-Solving Strategies: Root Words, 54 (man; also manus; Greek: mania); 122 (med-; also mederi); 194 (not; also notus, -fy, -ion, notare); 238 (rog-; also rogare) Word-Solving Strategies: Suffixes, 10 (-sion, -tion; also dimetiri); 132 (-ize) | Students learn about Latin roots and affixes in Word-Solving Strategies activities. Each activity includes instruction with examples, followed by a "Be Careful!" box that describes irregular cases and gives examples. Finally, there is a set of problems in "Practice" where students expand their vocabulary by applying what they've learned, such as forming words by attaching a prefix or suffix to a specific root or base word. | |
| c. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech. | 5-6.2 Use print sources (for example, books, magazines, charts, graphs, diagrams, dictionaries, encyclopedias, atlases, thesauri, newspapers, and almanacs) and nonprint sources to access information. | Pronunciation Key, viii Word Meanings, 4, 14, 24, 38, 48, 58, 72, 82, 92, 106, 116, 126, 144, 154, 164, 178, 188, 198, 212, 222, 232 Online Dictionary, vocabularyforsuccess.com Word-Solving Strategies: Context Clues, 20 (check a dictionary); Word- | The Pronunciation Key, located at the beginning of the book, identifies the letters or combination of letters used to represent sounds of vocabulary words presented on the Word Meanings page of each lesson. These representations are similar to those found in dictionaries that feature student-friendly | |

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| d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary). | | Solving Strategies: Prefixes, 30 (look it up in a dictionary); Word-Solving Strategies: Context Clues, 44 (use an Internet dictionary); Word-Solving Strategies: Root Words, 54 (check meanings in a dictionary); Word-Solving Strategies: Prefixes, 88 (use a dictionary); Word-Solving Strategies: Roots, 122 (consult a dictionary); Word-Solving Strategies: Roots, 194 (check your answers in a dictionary); Word-Solving Strategies: Context Clues, 228 (use an online or print dictionary); Word-Solving Strategies: Roots, 238 (consult a dictionary) Word Study: Idioms, 33, 67, 173 (use an online or print dictionary) Word Study: Proverbs, 101, 207 (use an online or print dictionary) | pronunciations. The Key includes vowels, consonants, stress, and abbreviations. The Word Meanings page lists each of the 10 new vocabulary words for the lesson, together with a student-friendly explanation or definition, pronunciation key (with syllabication and stress), and part or parts of speech. At the top of each Word Meanings page, students are referred to the Online Dictionary. In addition to the Online Dictionary, users of Vocabulary for Success have access to audio recordings of the introductory passage and all taught words. Several Word-Solving Strategies and Word Study activities include instructions to use an online or print dictionary or thesaurus. | |
| 5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. | | | | |

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| a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. | | Word Study: Denotation and Connotation, 135, 241 Word Study: Idioms, 33, 67, 173 Word Study: Proverbs, 101, 207 | Word Study activities, located in the Enrichment section following every three lessons, help students understand positive and negative variations in meaning explained by connotations, the use of wise sayings (proverbs), and colloquial expressions (idioms). For each example of figurative language, students are provided sentences with context clues of embedded definitions. |
| b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words. | 3-3.5 Use context clues to determine the relationship between two or more words (including synonyms, antonyms, and homonyms). | Synonyms and Antonyms, 32, 66, 100, 134, 172, 206, 240 | The Synonyms and Antonyms activity found at the beginning of each Enrichment section uses context clues to guide students to an understanding of the relationship between word pairs that are synonyms or antonyms. |
| | | Word-Solving Strategies: Context Clues—Restatement/Synonym, 44; Synonyms, 78; Synonyms, 112; Antonyms, 150; Synonyms, 204 | Word-Solving Strategies: Context Clues mini-lessons on synonyms and antonyms help students understand the relationship between words with similar meanings, as well as those that mean the opposite. |
| | | Analogies, 138, 244 | Students apply their understanding of meanings and word pair |

| Language Standards | WHERE REFLECTED IN THE 2008 SC ELA STANDARDS AND INDICATORS | Vocabulary for Success, Level B | |
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| | | | relationships in Analogies (part of the Mid-Year and End-of-Year Reviews). |
| c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending). | 6-3.4 Distinguish between the denotation and the connotation of a given word.7-3.4 Interpret the connotations of words to understand the meaning of a given text. | Word Study: Denotation and Connotation, 135, 241 | Word Study activities, located in the Enrichment section at the end of every three lessons, help students distinguish between connotations and denotations. |
| 6. Acquire and use accurately gradeappropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when | 7-6.4 Use vocabulary (including Standard American English) that is appropriate for the particular audience or purpose. | Throughout the program | Throughout the program students acquire and use grade-appropriate vocabulary knowledge through a variety of language arts activities. |
| considering word or phrase important to comprehension or expression. | | | These activities begin with reading Introductory Passages, which present high-interest science and social studies topics aligned to middle school courses of study. Within these passages are context clues that help unlock the meaning of the highlighted study words. |
| | | | Following the Introductory Passage, students study the pronunciation and informal explanation of 10 lesson words in Word Meanings. After categorizing each study word in |

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| | | | Word Talk discussions, students practice selecting and using the new words in Check for Understanding, Expand Word Meanings, Word Associations, Check Again, and Challenge Yourself. The lesson concludes with Word-Solving Strategies and Practice for Tests. In the Enrichment section at the end of each three-lesson unit, students focus on word-relationship lessons (Synonyms and Antonyms), consider figurative language (Word Study), and read a short passage then answer multiple-choice questions to demonstrate their understanding of unit vocabulary (Vocabulary for Comprehension). Together these activities help equip students for independent development of academic and domain-specific vocabulary. |

ADDITIONAL ALIGNED CONTENT

READING: Informational Text: Craft and Structure

| READING STANDARDS FOR | WHERE REFLECTED IN THE 2008 SC ELA | IERE REFLECTED IN THE 2008 SC ELA VOCABULARY FOR SUCCESS, LEVEL B | |
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| INFORMATIONAL TEXT | STANDARDS AND INDICATORS | FEATURE / LOCATION | DESCRIPTION |
| 4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative and technical meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone. | 4-1.6 Interpret the effect of the author's craft (for example, word choice, sentence structure, the use of figurative language, and the use of dialogue) on the meaning of literary texts. 7-3.4 Interpret the connotations of words to understand the meaning of a given text. | Introductory Passage— Amazing Cells (textbook entry), 2–3; Cells That Wouldn't Die (historical nonfiction). 12–13; Fruit Fly, You're Just Like Me (compare-and-contrast essay), 22– 23; Citizen Power (online article), 36–37; Our Future Is in Your Hands (speech), 46–47; When Marian Sang (newspaper article), 56–57; Performing an Ollie (how-to article), 70–71; Buy the Best (advertisement), 80–81; Just Like an Olympian (training log), 90–91; The Apprentice (diary), 104–105; Abolish Serfdom Now! (persuasive essay), 114–115; A Great Lady Is Dead (obituary), 124– 125; A Love of Science (biography), 142–143; Seeing Double (personal narrative), 152–153; The Science of Genetics (timeline), 162–163; The Rush for Gold! (primary source), 176–177; I'll Trade You for That (expository essay), 186–187; Ka- ching! (autobiography), 196–197; Robbed of Childhood (nonfiction narrative), 210–211; Women's Rights | The Introductory Passage provides opportunity for students to encounter and determine the figurative or technical meaning of new vocabulary words, which are presented in a natural, multiparagraph context. The informational text is enhanced with illustrations and photographs. Lesson words are identified by boldface type and are highlighted in light violet. At the conclusion of the passage, Talk About It questions guide students to an understanding of key terms and concepts. |

READING: Informational Text: Craft and Structure

| READING STANDARDS FOR | WHERE REFLECTED IN THE 2008 SC ELA STANDARDS AND INDICATORS | Vocabulary for Success, Level B | |
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| | | (debate), 220–221; A Robotics Championship (radio script), 230–231 | |
| | | Word Study: Denotation and Connotation, 135, 241 Word Study: Idioms, 33, 67, 173 Word Study: Proverbs, 101, 207 | Word Study activities, located in the Enrichment section following every three lessons, help students understand positive and negative variations in meaning explained by connotations, the use of wise sayings (proverbs), and colloquial expressions (idioms). For each example of figurative language, students are provided sentences with context clues of embedded definitions. |
| | | Vocabulary for Comprehension, 34, 68, 102, 136, 174, 208, 242 | Vocabulary for Comprehension appears at the end of the Enrichment section (located at the end of every three lessons). Students read high-interest passages and use context and word study skills to determine the meaning of vocabulary words, within a critical reading, standardized-test format. |
| 6. Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and explain how it is conveyed in the text. | 6-2.3 Summarize author bias based on the omission of relevant facts and statements of unsupported opinions. | Introductory Passages: Our Future Is in Your Hands (speech), 46–47; Buy the Best (advertisement), 80–81; | Introductory Passages with examples of persuasive writing emphasize the author's point of view or purpose, |

READING: Informational Text: Craft and Structure

| READING STANDARDS FOR INFORMATIONAL TEXT | WHERE REFLECTED IN THE 2008 SC ELA STANDARDS AND INDICATORS | Vocabulary for Success, Level B | |
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| | | Abolish Serfdom Now! (persuasive essay), 114–115; Women's Rights (debate), 220–221 | together with reasons for the position taken. The Talk About It questions at the end of the selection elicit a student response to the issue or topic. |

Speaking and Listening: Comprehension and Collaboration

| SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS | WHERE REFLECTED IN THE 2008 SC ELA STANDARDS AND INDICATORS | VOCABULARY FOR SUCCESS, LEVEL B | |
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| 2. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 7 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own | included in the SC standards. with cs, ers' pared, d to ext, or t on | Talk About It, 3, 13, 23, 37, 47, 57, 71, 81, 91, 105, 115, 125, 143, 153, 163, 177, 187, 197, 211, 221, 231 | Talk About It questions, located at the end of each introductory passage, guide students in their collaborative discussion of the passages and use of newly introduced lesson words. |
| a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. b. Follow rules for collegial discussions, track progress | | Word Talk, 5, 15, 25, 39, 49, 59. 73, 83, 93, 107, 117, 127, 145, 155, 165, 179, 189, 199, 213, 223, 233 | Word Talk is the second-day activity in which students work collaboratively in pairs to list concepts or items that fit in the same category as words from the lesson or draw illustrations that depict lesson words (for a word-guessing game like Pictionary). Additional collaborative word games and puzzles are available online at vocabularyforsuccess.com. |

Speaking and Listening: Comprehension and Collaboration

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| deadlines, and define individual roles as needed. | | | |
| c. Pose questions that elicit elaboration and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant observations and ideas that bring the discussion back on topic as needed. | | | |
| d. Acknowledge new information expressed by others and, when warranted, modify their own views and understanding. | | | |

LANGUAGE: Conventions of Standard English

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| 2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.b. Spell correctly. | 7-4.7 Spell correctly using Standard American English. | Check for Understanding, 6, 16, 26, 40, 50, 60, 74, 84, 94, 108, 118, 128, 146, 156, 166, 180, 190, 200, 214, 224, 234 | For the Check for Understanding activity, students use singlesentence context clues to guide them in choosing the lesson word that best completes each of the 12 sentences. Students can check the correct spelling before and after writing each lesson word by referring to the colortinted box at the top of the page. |